RESIDUB.				ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS.
Per cent.	Silicoons Organisms.	Minorais.	Fine Washings.	
60.75	(3.00 %), Radiolaria, Spongo spicules, Diatoms.	(10.00 %), m. di. 0.15 mm., angular; felspar, augito, mag- notito, volcanic glass, frag- mentsof volcanic rocks, olivine.	(47.75%), amorphous matter, with fragments of minerals, Radiolaria, Sponge spicules, and Diatoms.	Some of the shells of Foraminifera and fragments of other organisms are macroscopic. The fine washings are
52-48	(2.00 %), Radiolaria, Spongo spicules, arenaceous Fora- minifera, Diatoms.	(5.00 %), m. di. 0.10 mm., angular; fragments of volcanic rocks and volcanic glass, olivine, felspar, magnetite, augite, black mica.	(45.48 %), amorphous matter, with minute fragments of minerals and siliceous organ- isms.	chiefly made up in these deposits, as well as in many others similarly situated, of minute mineral particles less than 0.02 mm. in diameter.
45.71	(1.00 %), a fow Radiolaria and Diatoms.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.08 mm., angular, except a few rounded fragments of quartz; frag- ments of volcanic rocks some of them vitreous, augite, horn- blende, magnetite, olivine, palagonite, manganese grains.	(43.71 %), amorphous matter, with minute fragments of minerals and siliceous organ- isms,	All the pelagic Foraminifera, of which this deposit is chiefly composed, are very large and well developed forms, especially <i>Pulvinulina menardii</i> . Many of these Foraminifera appear to show striking indication of having been acted upon by some solvent.
69*85	(1.00 %), a few Radiolaria, Lituolidæ, Diatoms.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.06 mm., angular; felspar, augite, horn- blende, magnetite.	(67.85%), much flocculent amor- phous matter, with minute particles of minerals, Radio- laria, and Diatoms.	Fine washings more than half made up of mineral frag- ments less than 0.02 mm. in diameter. This deposit might be called a Red Clay.
37·78	(1.00 %), Radiolaria, Astror- hizidæ, Lituolidæ, imperfect brown casts, Diatoms.	(1.00%), m. di. 0.07 mm., generally angular; felspar, hornblende, round green frag- ments resembling glauconite.	(35.78 %), amorphous matter, with minute mineral particles and fragments of siliceous organisms.	The dredge brought up some dark coloured coze, the colour being due to land detritus. There were small yellow grains in the deposit, which on micro-analysis were found to be phosphate of lime.
93.78	(1.00 %), Radiolaria and Diatoms.	(35.00 %), m. di. 0.10 mm., angular; felspar, plagioclase, quartz, mica, hornblendo, zircon, glauconito, a good many small manganese grains.	(57.78 %), flocculent amorphous matter, many minute mineral particles, fragments of sili- ceous organisms.	This deposit contains much amorphous clayey matter and many fine mineral particles. The glauconite in the deposit at this and the last station is represented by one or two grains.
33-73	(1.00 %), a fow Radiolaria, Astrorhizidæ, Lituolidæ.	(2.00 %), m. di. 0.06 mm., angular; sanidine, hornblende, magnetite.	(30.73 %), flocculent amorphous matter, with many small mineral particles.	Only a small quantity of this deposit came up. The subjoined analysis was made with less than half a gramme. The specimen does not appear to be quite so dark coloured as that obtained in 1876 at nearly the same place. As at Station 98 the specimens of <i>Pul-</i> <i>vinulina menardii</i> predominate.
				Some traces of deposit on outside of the tube.
28.30	(2.00 %), Radiolaria, Lituolidæ, Diatoms.	(1.00 %), m. di. '0.13 mm., angular ; felspar, augito, mag- netito, a few manganese grains.	(25.30 %), amorphous matter, with minute mineral particles.	This deposit still shows traces of land detritus.
		•••		Some traces of deposit on outside of tube.
10.23	(1.00 %), Radiolaria, Lituolidæ, Diatoms.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.06 mm., angular; fragments of sani- dine and pumice, manganese grains.	(8.53 %), amorphous matter and minute mineral particles.	Note the increase of carbonate of lime in the lesser depths. Some coze in the trawl.
19.23	(1.00 %), a few Radiolaria.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.15 mm., an- gular; sauidine, augite, glassy volcanic particles, magnotite, one small piece of pumice observed.	(17.53 %), clayey matter and fine mineral particles.	Owing to some rusty particles from the sounding tube becom- ing mixed with the deposit, the percentage of carbonate of calcium in the accompanying analysis is probably less than it ought to be.
15.10	(1.00 %), Radiolaria, a few arona- ceous Foraminifera, Diatoms.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.07 mm., an- gular; olivine, magnetite, en- statite, actinolite, chromite, serpontine.	(13.10 %), amorphons matter, with many minute mineral particles.	Minoral particles evidently from St. Paul's Rocks.

## Off Cape Verde Islands-continued.

٠,

St. Vincent to St. Paul's Rocks.

Off St Paul's Rocks.