RESIDUE.				ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS.
Por cent.	Sillocous Organisms.	Minernia.	Fine Washings.	
77.53	(50.00 %), Radiolaria, Astrorhi- zidæ, Lituolidæ, numerous Diatoms.	(15.00 %), m. di. 0.10 mm., angular; quartz sometimes coloured red, monoclinic and triclinic felspars, mica, horn- blende, tourmalino, garnet, magnetite, zircon, glassy vol- canic particles, glauconite.	(12.53 %), a little amorphous matter, a few mineral particles, but principally fragments of Diatoms.	The trawl came up fouled, but contained a few animals and pebbles, the latter varying in diameter from 5 mm. to 1 cm.; one of the pebbles is a granitite, containing quartz, plagioclase, orthoclase, hornblende, black or green mica; another is a fine-grained chloritic sandstone with felspar. The minerals, as well as the rock frag- ments obtained at this station, appear to indicate that they come from rocks belonging to older formations.
96-50	(15.00 %), Radiolaria, Sponge spiculea, Astrorhizidæ, Lituo- lidæ, Diatoms.	(20.00 %), m. di. 0.10 mm., angular; quartz, felspar, plagioclase, hornbleude, glau- conite, garnot.	(61.50 %), amorphous matter, minute fragments of minerals and Diatoms.	The dredge brought up many rocks and pebbles, to which an Ascidian and an Actinian were attached, and a few animals. The quartz grains are sometimes rounded and covered with limonite. Among the pebbles are granitic rocks, containing orthoclase, plagioclase, quartz, and black mica; amphibolite with large grains of green hornblende and quartz; metamorphic quartzite speckled with black mica; fine grained micaceous sandstone passing to a schist; and red sandstone.
99.00	(3.00 %), Radiolaria, Sponge spicules, Diatoms.	(20.00 %), m. di. 0.10 mm., angular; quartz, felspar, horn- blende, mica, epidote, garnet, glauconite.	(76.00 %), amorphons matter, fine mineral particles and Diatom remains.	Some particles of minerals attain a diameter of 1 or 2 mm.
88.10	(3.00 %), Radiolaria, Sponge spicules, Lituolidæ, Diatoms.	(20.00 %), m. di. 0.30 mm., augular; quartz, plagioclase, hornblende, augite, magne- tite, mica, garnet, tourmaline, glauconite, fragments of granitic and amphibolic rocks.	(65.16%), amorphous matter, minute mineral particles, fragments of Radiolaria and Diatoms.	The dredge came up without showing any signs of having been at the bottom. It had to be hauled in soon, on account of a strong wind rising, and the ship being sur- rounded by icebergs. Some of the fragments of granitic and amphibolic rocks attain a diameter of 2 cm.
97-92	(60.00 %), many Radiolaria, a fow Lituolidæ, chiefly Dia- toms.	(10.00 %), m. di. 0.20 mm., angular and rounded ; quartz, orthoclase, rarely plagioclase, hornblendo, mica, magnetite, a few small glassy volcanic fragments.	(27.92 %), essentially composed of Diatom fragments, with a little amorphous matter and a few minute mineral par- ticles.	The trawl brought up a number of animals, rocks, and pebbles. The rocks and pebbles include granite, con- taining orthoclase, plugioclase, quartz, hornblende, and mica; gneiss composed of quartz, black and white mica, and garnet; chloritic quartzite; fine-grained mica- ceous sandstone; slate formed of sericite with micro- liths of rutile; trachytic pumice with sanidine and augite; limburgite partially transformed into pala- gonite; and some other ancient and recent volcanie rocks all very much alterod.
80.71	(50.00%), many Radiolaria, some Sponge spicules, Astrorhizidæ, Lituolidæ, principally Dia- toms.	(3.00 %), m. di. 0.07 mm., angular; quartz, felspar, hornblende, a few magnetic particles, small fragments of palagonite, pumice, much altered volcanic rock with ophitic structure.	(27.71 %), composed essentially of fragments of Diatoms, a small quantity of amorphous matter and minute mineral particles.	Only a small quantity of the deposit came up in the sounding tube. In the trawl there were several pebbles and one large piece of rock along with many animals. One fragment of grey gneiss weighed 20 kilogrammes, and some similar fragments had glacial markings; there was a basaltic fragment 6 cm. in diameter, and thirty pieces of pumice from 1 to 3 cm. in diameter.
14-69	(10.00 %), Radiolaria, Astror- hizidæ, Lituolidæ, chiefly Diatoms,	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.07 .mm., angular ; quartz, felspar, pumice, glassy volcanie particles.	(3.69 %), a little amorphous matter, with minuto mineral particles and fragments of siliccous organisms.	The trawl bronght up pumice stones, pebbles, and many animals. There were fifteen fragments of pumice, generally all rounded, and varying in diameter from 2 to 5 cm., and also one flattened angular fragment of pala- gonite, 3 or 4 cm. in width, and 1 cm. in thickness. Some of the quartz grains are covered with limouite.
12.10	(2.00 %), Radiolaria, Spongo spicules, Lituolidæ, Diatoms.	(1.00 %), m. di. 0.07 mm., angular ; felspar, hornblende, magnetite, pumico, red glassy volcaniofragments, mangancse grains, quartz grains (raro).	(9-10 %), amorphous matter, line mineral particles, and fragments of siliceous organ- isms.	The trawl was put over, but came up without any of the deposit or any bottom-living animals to show that it had ever touched the bottom. The presence of Coccoliths and Rhabdoliths in this deposit is worthy of notice, as they have been absent in those to the south of lat. 55°. The greater abundance of Orbulinas and Pulvinulinas in the last two stations should also be remarked.

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