### Hyptis spicigera, Lam.

Hyptis spicigera, Lam.; DC., Prodr., xii. p. 87; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., ii. p. 958; Griseb., Fl. Brit. W. Ind., p. 487.

Timor Laur.—The distribution of this herb is somewhat remarkable, but it probably exists only as an introduced plant in some of the localities in the Old World. Thus, it has been found in the Philippines and in Madagascar; it is widely spread in Tropical Africa, and in America it ranges from the West Indies and Panama to Brazil. Bentham, Flora Australiensis, v. p. 80, seems to regard the genus as wholly American, for he says: "A very large genus, entirely American, tropical or subtropical; a few of the species are, however, now spread over various tropical regions of the Old World, especially Africa. In De Candolle's Prodromus Bentham defines 250 species, which are mostly herbaceous or at the most shrubby, though one, *Hyptis arborea*, is a tree thirty feet high.

#### Anisomeles salviæfolia, R. Br.

Anisomeles salviæfolia, R. Br., Prodr. Fl. N. Holl., p. 503; Benth., Fl. Austr., v. p. 89; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., ii. p. 976.

KI; TIMOR LAUT.—Timor and the northern part of Australia, but apparently never far from the sea. In the Flora Australiansis Bentham unites Anisomeles moschata and Anisomeles inodora, R. Br., with this species. A small genus restricted to Australia and Tropical Asia.

## Anisomeles ovata, R. Br.

Anisomeles ovata, R. Br.; DC., Prodr., xii. p. 455; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., ii. p. 975; Baker, Fl. Maurit., p. 260.

MARU.—An exceedingly common Indian plant; also ranging from China and the Philippines to Timor, but not recorded from Australia. It is naturalised in the Mauritius, and perhaps in some of the localities in Tropical Asia.

## Leucas javanica, Benth.

Leucas javanica, Benth. in DC. Prodr., xii. p. 528; Miq., Fl. Ind. Bat., ii. p. 980.

KI.—Java to Timor. Leucas is a large genus, generally spread over Tropical Asia and Africa. One species only, Leucas flaccida, which is perhaps a variety of the more widely dispersed Leucas decemdentata, has been found on the coast of Queensland in Australia.

# Leucas decemdentata, Smith.

Leucas decemdentata, Smith; DC., Prodr. xii. p. 526; Seem., Fl. Vit., p. 192; Nadeaud, Enum. Pl. Tahiti, p. 56.

Stachys decemdentata, Forst., Ins. Austr. Prodr., p. 91.

TIMOR LAUT.—Common in Viti and Tahiti, and recently collected in Samoa; and Milne collected it in Aneiteum in 1853. Nadeaud states that it abounds in all parts of