close proximity of two areas with widely different bottom temperature, were considered of sufficient importance to render the further elucidation of the physical and biological conditions of the channel desirable.<sup>1</sup>

Six of the bottom-dredgings procured on the cruise of the "Knight Errant" have been examined, of which four, namely, Stations 1, 4, 6 and 7 represent the warm area, and may be associated with Nos. 47, 50, and 51 of the "Porcupine" series; whilst the remainder, namely, Stations 2 and 8, are from the cold region, of which the "Porcupine" material from Nos. 57 and 77 also furnishes examples.

- STATION 1.—July 27, 1880. Lat. 60° 4' N., long. 7° 31' W. Depth, 305 fathoms; bottom temperature, 47° 1 Fahr. (8° 4 C.); surface, 54° 8 Fahr. (12° 6 C.).
- STATION 4.—August 10. Lat. 59° 33' N., long. 7° 14' W. Depth, 555 fathoms; bottom temperature, 45° 4 Fahr. (7° 4 C.); surface, 57° Fahr. (13° 9 C.).
- STATIONS 6 and 7.—August 12. Lat. 59° 37' N., long. 7° 19' W. Depth, 530 fathoms; bottom temperature 45°.9 Fahr. (7°.7 C.); surface, 56°.6 Fahr. (13°.7 C.).

The sand and mud from the warm bottoms above enumerated contained Rhizopoda of the large arenaceous types, such as Saccammina, Astrorhiza, Rhabdammina, Jaculella, Marsipella, and Hyperammina; and amongst calcareous forms, Pullenia and Sphæroidina, with abundance of Globigerina bulloides and Globigerina inflata.

- STATION 2.—July 29. Lat. 60° 29' N., long. 8° 19' W. Depth, 375 fathoms; bottom temperature, 31° Fahr. (-0°.56 C.); surface, 53° Fahr. (11°.7 C.).
- STATION 8.—August 17. Lat. 60° 3' N., long. 5° 51' W. Depth, 540 fathoms; bottom temperature, 29°·2 Fahr. (-1°·56 C.); surface, 56°·5 (13°·6 C.).

In the dredged material from the cold area the larger arenaceous Rhizopoda, Astrorhizidæ, are almost completely replaced by Lituolidæ. Cassidulina lævigata and Pullenia sphæroides are prominent species, and the genus Cornuspira is represented by a few specimens of gigantic size. A large proportion of the Globigerinæ are of the small thickshelled arctic variety, Globigerina borealis.

## Pelagic Fauna.

Gatherings were made by means of the tow-net at various depths from the actual surface down to thirty-five fathoms, on nine different days between July 27th and August

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The detailed report of the cruise of the "Knight Errant," by Staff-Commander Tizard, R.N., and Mr. John Murray, assisted by various naturalists, appears in the *Proceedings of the Royal Society of Edinburgh*, 1882, vol. xi. pp. 638-720.