Globigerina dutertrei, d'Orbigny (Pl. LXXXI. fig. 1, a-c).

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Globigerina dutertrei, d'Orbigny, 1839, Foram. Cuba, p. 95, pl. iv. figs. 19-21.

" Brady, 1879, Quart. Journ. Micr. Sci., vol. xix., N. S., p. 72.
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Test Rotaliform, suborbicular, both faces convex, margin thick and rounded; composed of about three convolutions, the last of which consists of five segments; segments gradually increasing in size from the commencement, somewhat inflated, especially the later ones; aperture a single, arched orifice at the inferior umbilical margin of the final segment. Diameter, 50th inch (0.5 mm.) or less.

Globigerina dutertrei is a starved variety, which to some extent takes the place of the typical Globigerina bulloides in the antarctic seas, just as Globigerina pachyderma represents the type in arctic latitudes. It has a small, compact, rounded shell, in many respects similar to the latter variety, but it is composed of a larger number of chambers, the walls are comparatively thin, and the segmentation more distinct externally. In general conformation it resembles Globigerina dubia, but it has no umbilical vestibule, and the test is of comparatively poor dimensions.

The most characteristic specimens of Globigerina dutertrei furnished by the Challenger material are from the Antarctic Ice-barrier, Stations 153 and 155, where they occur both in the surface-water and in the bottom-ooze. It is not, however, entirely confined to high latitudes, but has been found at one or two Stations in the South Pacific, and by d'Orbigny amongst the West Indies.

Globigerina inflata, d'Orbigny (Pl. LXXIX. figs. 8-10).

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Globigerina inflata, d'Orbigny, 1839, Foram. Canaries, p. 134, pl. ii. figs. 7-9.

" rubra (pars), Bailey, 1851, Smithsonian Contrib., vol. ii. art. 3, p. 11, figs. 20-22.
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Rotalina ardasii, Seguenza, 1862, Atti dell' Accad. Gioenia, ser. 2, vol. xviii. p. 101, pl. i. figs. 5, 5a. b.

Globigerina bulloides, var. inflata, Parker and Jones, 1865, Phil. Trans., vol. clv. p. 367, pl. xvi. figs. 16, 17.

inflata, Owen, 1867, Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., vol. ix., Zool., p. 148, pl. v. figs. 13-15.

, Brady, 1879, Quart. Journ. Micr. Sci., vol. xix., N. S., p. 72.

Test Rotaliform, superior face almost flat, inferior highly convex, periphery obtuse or rounded; composed of three convolutions, the last of which consists normally of four segments; sutures somewhat depressed externally; aperture a large, arched, gaping orifice on the outer or septal face of the terminal segment. Diameter, 50th inch (0.5 mm.).

Globigerina inflata is a well-differentiated Rotalia-like variety, isomorphous with Rotalia soldanii and Pulvinulina crassa, from the latter of which it is sometimes distin-