chyma spicules of approximately the same dimensions, characterised by a rudiment of the fourth ray, by the undulating lateral rays, and by the comparative length of the basal ray—twice as long as the lateral. I cannot decide whether these are modified triradiate spicules of the parenchyma or of the subgastric region, or quadriradiate spicules of the parenchyma grown considerably larger. They are not numerous.

Dermal trivadiate spicules.—Sagittal; all rays in the same plane, either rather cylindrical or tapering from the base to a sharp point; basal ray straight, lateral rays curved outwards, each forming with basal ray an angle of about 120°; absolute length very variable, in most cases lateral rays 0.4 mm.; basal ray 0.3 to 0.4 mm., the proportion between the length and the thickness of the rays being 20:1.

Large acerate spicules.—Usually not longer than 6 mm., occasionally reaching 10 mm. (var. goliath—immediately under the osculum, projecting from the inner surface), with a diameter never exceeding 0.05 mm.; either spindle-shaped, tapering at either end from the centre to a sharp point, or lanceolate; occasionally of irregular outlines, one end being sharp-pointed, the other truncated or irregularly spherical.

Linear accrate spicules of the peristome.—Attaining a length of over 5 mm., with a diameter of 0.005 mm., either straight or slightly curved.

Minute acerate spicules.—Spindle-shaped, tapering from centre to sharp points, rarely exceeding 0·125 mm. in length, and 0·0025 mm. in diameter.

Colour.—White, cream-white, and dirty yellowish.

Habitat.—Station 36, April 23, 1873, off Bermudas; depth, 32 fathoms; mud. Station 209, January 22, 1875; lat. 10° 10′ N., long. 123° 55′ E.; Philippine Islands; depth, 95 to 100 fathoms; mud.

Leuconia typica, n. sp. (Pl. VII. figs. 2a-2c).

The three specimens representing this species in the Challenger collection are to be referred to two varieties with the following diagnoses:—

Leuconia typica, var. tuba: tubular, gastric cavity narrow elongated; apical rays of gastric quadriradiate spicules not longer than 0.06 mm., usually still shorter; fine linear acerate spicules reaching 0.3 mm. in length.

Leuconia typica, var. massa: lumpy, stout, massive, the longitudinal axis shorter than the transverse; gastric cavity considerably reduced, calyciform; apical rays of gastric quadriradiate reaching 0.1 mm. in length; fine acerate spicules not longer than 0.15 mm.

Both the specimens of the variety tuba are 25 mm. long, the average thickness of the walls being 3 mm. The specimen of the variety massa is 8 mm. high, 18 mm. broad at its