little bent. Whorls 8 in all; they are cylindrical and convex, and become increasingly long and narrow; the last has a short rounded base. Suture openly and slightly impressed. Mouth small and round. Outer lip sharp but strong, very regularly arched, and projecting to the side. Inner lip: it runs without an angle into the outer lip, across the body it is strong and slightly disunited, the pillar scarcely exists, and the projecting lip-edge curves round to the basal lip. H. 0.049 in. B. 0.015. Mouth, height 0.01, breadth 0.01.

I do not know whether this wonderful little species can fairly come into the genus Mucronalia of Adams, but I really do not know where else to put it, and it has some features of the group; the tip is abnormal, though certainly not stiliform.

## 9. Stilifer, Broderip, 1832.

Species.

1. Stilifer brychius, Wats.

2. Stilifer crotaphis, n. sp.

Stilifer brychius, Watson (Pl. XXXVII. fig. 9).
Stilifer brychius, Watson, Prelim. Report, pt. 17, Journ. Linn. Soc. Lond., vol. xvii. p. 130.

Station 325. March 2, 1876. Lat. 36° 44′ S., long. 46° 16′ W. South Atlantic. 2650 fathoms. Blue mud. Bottom temperature 32° 7 Fahr.

Shell.—In form somewhat like Littorina rudis, Maton, of the var. tenebrosa; but shorter in base, with a tumid and larger penultimate whorl, very thin, hyaline and glossy, with faint spirals and lines of growth: the generic pillared tip is small. Sculpture: Longitudinals—the whole surface is closely scored with slight obsolete and very fine threadlets, which are the lines of growth. Spirals-of these there are many, somewhat broadish but very obsolete; they are unequal, and one forms a feeble angulation considerably above the middle of the whorl. Colour pure glassy white, thin, and perfectly transparent. Apex: the style is quite straight, well defined, short and small, and consists of two whorls. Spire conical and rather high. Whorls 6, of rapid but regular increase, obliquely shouldered above from the suture to the very slight angulation, rounded below. Suture strong, linearly impressed, submarginated below. Mouth roundly pear-shaped, being shortly pointed above, large. Outer lip leaves the body-whorl at a right angle; it is slightly patulous, and is well arched throughout. Inner lip very oblique, scarcely convex above; it is very concave at the junction of the body and the pillar, which last is flattened and very slightly twisted and runs out to a very sharp edge. H. 0.5 in. Penultimate whorl, height 0.14. Mouth, height 0.33, breadth 0.3.

The solitary specimen got of this species is preserved in spirit; but I failed to extract the animal. The shell is so delicate that no force can be used. The colour is that pale uniform buff which is so common to deep-sea Mollusca. The mantle lines the shell all round. From the middle of this pro-

<sup>1</sup> βεύχιος, from the depths.