oxeate; 0.019 mm. in diameter. 5. Somal microstrongyle, cylindrical or fusiform, centrotylote or not, surface roughened, 0.0237 by 0.004 mm.

Colour.—Black externally.

Habitat. -- Quarnero, Adriatic; Algiers.

Remarks.—This species is distinguished from Erylus discophorus, O. Schmidt, by the form of the sterraster, and the presence of microstrongyles throughout the choanosome. The measurements of the spicules were taken from a type-slide of the Adriatic example in the British Museum collection, and confirmed from preparations mounted by myself from a specimen presented me by Professor von Graff. The Algerian sponge of the same species is represented by a slide in the British Museum; it is probably correctly identified by Schmidt, though the spicules are of somewhat different dimensions; my measurements are as follows:—Oxea, 1.0 by 0.016 mm.; dichotriæne, rhabdome 0.46 mm. long; proto- and deuterocladi, each 0.108 mm. long; microstrongyle 0.057 by 0.005 mm.

## Erylus carteri, n. sp.

Stelletta euastrum, Carter, Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist., ser. 5, vol. vi. p. 489, pl. vii. fig. 41, 1880.

Sponge.—Lamelliform, thin, incrusting, surface even; oscules distinct, scattered singly or collected in groups.

Spicules.—I. Megascleres. 1. Oxea, 0.85 by 0.028 mm. 2. Orthotriæne, sometimes passing into a dichotriæne; rhabdome 0.56 by 0.056 mm.

II. Microscleres. 3. Sterraster, disciform, elliptical, very thin, actines minutely spined at the ends, 0.24 mm. long by 0.127 mm. broad and 0.042 mm. thick. 4. Chiaster, 0.028 mm. in diameter. 5. Microsea, centrotylote.

Colour.—Greyish-white.

Habitat.-Gulf of Manaar.

## Erylus lendenfeldi, n. sp.

Stelletta euastrum, Carter, Ann. and Mag. Nat. Hist., ser. 5, vol. vi. p. 490, pl. vii. fig. 42, 1880.

Sponge.—Ovate; surface even, dimpled; pores 0.16 mm. in diameter, the simple openings of chones, generally dispersed; oscules distinct, of different sizes, irregularly distributed.

Spicules.—I. Megascleres. 1. Oxea or strongyle, 0.80 by 0.025 mm. 2. Orthotriæne, rhabdome strongylate, 0.316 by 0.0276 mm.; cladi 0.15 mm. long.

II. Microscleres. 3. Sterraster, ellipsoidal, depressed, from 0.10 by 0.065 to 0.135 by 0.058 mm. 4. Chiaster, actines few, slender, tylote, sometimes minutely spined, 0.03 mm. in diameter. 5. Oxyaster, actines usually four in number, minutely over the