Synoptical Table of the Five Species of Stannophyllum, showing the Specific Characters in External Form and Internal Structure of these Five Transitional Species.

Species.	Material of the Skeleton.	Network of the Fibrillæ Bundles.	Spongin- Fibrillæ,	Consistency of the Flabelli- form Leaf.	Distal Margin of the Leaf.	Faces of the Leaf.	Colour.	Size (Diameter of the Leaf).
I. Stannophyllum zonarium (Pl. I. fig. 1).	Spongin-fibrillæ prevailing, with many Radio- larian shells.	Very dense and regular, with thick bundles crossed in certain directions.	Very much alike, of medium thick- ness.	Thick, soft and elastic.	Reniform, integral, rather thick.	With concentric equal zones, coriaceous.	Brown (yellowish).	4 to 8 centimetres.
II. Stannophyllum radiolarium (Pl. I. fig. 2).	Siliceous Radio- larian shells prevailing, with few spongin- fibrillæ.	Rather dense and regular, with thin bundles, or many isolated.	Very thin and delicate, of nearly equal thickness.	Thin, rather solid and rigid.	Semicircular, integral, very thin.	Finely granu- lar, even, without zones and ribs.	White or light grey (yellowish).	3 to 6 centimetres.
III. Stannophyllum pertusum (Pl. I. fig. 3).	Radiolarian shells prevailing in the distal part, Globiger- ina shells in the ribs and the proximal part.	Rather loose and irregular, especially in the basal portion.	Rather un- equal, for the most part thin and inter- woven.	Thin, very soft and flabby, in- elastic.	Reniform, divided into numerous quadrangular lobes.	Reticular, pierced by numerous holes, very soft, with ribs, without zones.	Brown with greyish ribs.	10 to 20 centimetres.
IV. Stannophyllum venosum (Pl. I. fig. 4).	Radiolarian shells prevailing in the distal part, Globiger- ina shells in the ribs and the proximal part.	Very irregular and loose, es- pecially in the ribs, denser in the lamellæ between them.	Very unequal, thick and coarse in the ribs, thin in the lamellæ between them.	Heteromorphous, with thick prominent ribs or veins, and thin tissue between them.	Semicircular, more or less irregularly lobulate or undulate.	Veined, with thick white branched ribs, without zones.	Brown, with white ribs.	20 to 25 centimetres.
V. Stannophyllum globigerinum (Pl. I. fig. 5).	Calcareous Globigerina shells prevailing, with scanty Radiolarian shells.	and loose, felty,	Very unequal, of varying diameter, many coarse between prevailing fine threads.	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Subovate or truncate, integral, not lobate, very thick.	Coarsely granular, very rough, without ribs, often withindistinct zones.	White or yellowish (greyish).	6 to 9 centimetres.